

BIOSECURITY PLAN

| | | BEEF CATTLE | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Operation name: | | |
| | Operation address: List all locations | | |
| | | | |
| Herd management: List herd management procedures that protect cattle health (e.g., closed systems, disposal of dead animals, clean out procedures of housing and pens between groups of animals). | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Employe | es: | | |
| List employee policies (e.g. dress code, footwear requirements, use of disinfectant foot baths, any other procedures if they own their own cattle etc.). | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Trucks/o | auinment coming in: | | |
| Trucks/equipment coming in: List procedures and record keeping for trucks delivering equipment and/or feed to the farm (e.g. use of special laneways). | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |





| Visitor access: List procedures for visitors to the farm (e.g. provision of foot baths, booties, and protective clothing; efforts to minimizing visitors, use of a log book and visible biosecurity signs, setting requirements for a minimum time between visiting someone else's farm and your operation, order of visiting youngest animals to oldest, hand washing, etc.). Note: This would also include visitors brought on the farm to perform a specific function such as fixing equipment. |
|---|
| |
| |
| |
| Bringing new or returning cattle to the operation: |
| List quarantine procedures to ensure new or returning animals do not introduce disease. |
| Note: This includes both cattle that are purchased or have left the operation and are now returning (e.g., show steers). |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Shared borders: |
| If the operation shares any borders, it could be a potential avenue for the operation being exposed to disease. |
| List the actions taken to prevent introduction of disease (e.g., set-a-side or barrier land around the perimeter, fencing |
| etc.). |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |